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6	Attorney for Plaintiff Richard Johnson		
7 8	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT	
9	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
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11	RICHARD JOHNSON,	CASE NO.:	
12	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND	
13	v.	INJUNCTIVE RELIEF FOR DENIAL OF CIVIL RIGHTS AND ACCESS TO PUBLIC FACILITIES IN VIOLATION OF	
14 15 16	K&T SUSHI INC., a California Corporation, CASTLE FAMILY LLC, a Hawaii Limited Liability Company, METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, a California Corporation and	TITLE III OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT; VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE §§ 51,52; AND RELATED CODES AND REGULATIONS	
17	DOES 1-10, inclusive,	DEMAND FOR JURY	
18	Defendants.		
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20	Plaintiff, Richard Johnson, alleges as follows:		
21	I. PARTIES		
22	1. This is a civil rights action by Plaintiff, Richard Johnson ("Plaintiff") for		
23	disability discrimination by Defendants, K&T Sushi Inc., a California Corporation, Castle		
24	Family LLC, a Hawaii Limited Liability Company, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company,		
25	a California Corporation, and Does	1-10, inclusive (collectively hereinafter	
	"Defendants").		

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

- 2. Plaintiff is a Santa Clara County resident with physical disabilities. Plaintiff suffers from the medical condition C-7-T-1 Tetraplegia and uses a manual wheelchair and van equipped with a lift when traveling about in public. As such, Plaintiff's physical impairments substantially limit and/or affect one or more major life activities such as walking. At all relevant times, Plaintiff is and was a "person with a disability" and a "physically handicapped person" within the meaning of the Americans with Disabilities Act and California Government Code section 12926 and is a person whose rights are protected by these laws.
- 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that at all times herein mentioned, Defendants were and currently are the owners, operators, lessees and/or lessors of the Sushi 85 & Ramen restaurant and real property and located at 1350 Grant Rd. (Ste.#6), Mountain View, California 94040 ("the Facility").
- 4. Plaintiff does not know the true names of Defendants, their business capacities, their ownership connection to the property and business, or their relative responsibilities in causing the access violations herein complained of and alleges a joint venture and common enterprise by all such Defendants. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the Defendants herein, including DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, is responsible in some capacity for the events herein alleged, or is a necessary party for obtaining appropriate relief. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this Complaint when their true names and capacities are ascertained.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the Defendants is and was the agent, employee or representative of each of the other Defendants and performed all acts and omissions stated herein within the scope of such agency or employment or representative capacity and is responsible in some form or manner for the acts and omissions of the other Defendants thereby proximately causing the damages

1 complained of herein.

6. At all relevant times, all Defendants and each of them were legally responsible to Plaintiff for each of their co-defendants' wrongs, acts, and omissions alleged herein as though they had each committed each act themselves, and at all times authorized, directed, and ratified the acts and omissions of each remaining defendant.

II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343 for violations of the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA") of 1990, 42 U.S.C. § 12101, et seq.
- 8. Pursuant to supplemental jurisdiction, an attendant and related cause of action arising from the same nucleus of operative facts and arising out of the same transactions is also brought under California's Unruh Civil Rights Act, which act expressly incorporates the Americans with Disabilities Act.
- 9. Venue is proper in this court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and is based on the fact that the Facility (*i.e.*, the real property) which is the subject of this action is located in the Northern District of California and that Plaintiffs' cause of action arose in the Northern District of California.

III. SUMMARY OF FACTS

- 10. Plaintiff lives in Santa Clara County and visited the Facility located at 1350 Grant Rd. (Ste.#6), Mountain View, California 94040 on at least three (3) documented occasions including, September 7, 2019, October 13, 2019, and November 8, 2019. During his visits to the Facility Plaintiff encountered some or all of the following barriers to access:
 - Entrance door requires more than 5lbs of force to operate;
 - Entrance door closes too fast;

Carpet at interior entrance is a tripping hazard;

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Plaintiff to open the door and maneuver through the entrance. Once inside the Facility, Plaintiff found the interior carpet at the entrance created a trip hazard for his wheelchair which he uses to move about in public. After his difficult entry, Plaintiff was discouraged by the lack of accessible dining surfaces and seating which made it more difficult for Plaintiff to maneuver his wheelchair beneath the table. It was also hard for Plaintiff to maneuver throughout the interior of the Facility because the interior path of travel was too narrow to accommodate Plaintiff's wheelchair. Finally, the restroom at the Facility was not accessible to Plaintiff and there were a number of barriers to access which he encountered there. The inaccessible door hardware and narrow door opening width and maneuvering clearance made it difficult for Plaintiff to even enter the restroom. Inside the restroom, Plaintiff found that the lack of accessible sufficient turning/maneuvering clearance and non-compliant fixtures made his use of the restroom difficult and frustrating.

- 12. Plaintiff lives approximately thirteen miles from the Facility and intends to continue to visit the Facility, but will continue to be discriminated against until the barriers to his access are removed. Of course, Plaintiff would prefer if Defendants would remove the barriers to access so that he and other disabled patrons may enjoy full and equal access to the Facility.
- 13. Until the discriminatory policies, practices, and procedures of Defendants are modified and changed, Plaintiff will continue to be denied full and equal access to the goods and services offered by Defendants to the general public because he will suffer ongoing discrimination and damages by being excluded and deterred from the Facility.
- 14. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and based thereon alleges that his individual experiences of disability discrimination by Defendants are representative of Defendants'

overall failure to maintain adequate accessible facilities and/or adequate training of employees as to the rights of customers with disabilities.

15. The discriminatory treatment of Plaintiff by Defendants constitutes an ongoing violation of both federal and state laws, and unless enjoined by this Court, will result in an ongoing and irreparable injury to Plaintiff and other similarly situated persons.

IV. FIRST CLAIM VIOLATION OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq.

- 16. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 15, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 17. Congress enacted the Americans with Disabilities Act (hereinafter "ADA") upon finding, among other things, that "society has tended to isolate and segregate individuals with disabilities" and that such forms of discrimination continue to be "serious and pervasive social problems." 42 U.S.C. § 12101(a)(2).
- 18. In response to these findings, Congress explicitly stated that the purpose of the ADA is to provide "a clear and comprehensive national mandate for the elimination of discrimination against individuals with disabilities" and "clear, strong, consistent, enforceable standards addressing discrimination against individuals with disabilities." 42 U.S.C. § 12101(b)(1)-(2).
- 19. Title III of the ADA provides in pertinent part: "No individual shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of any place of public accommodation by any person who owns . . . or operates a place of public accommodation." 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).

- 20. The ADA further provides that "it shall be discriminatory to afford an individual or class of individuals, on the basis of disability or disabilities of such individual class, directly, or through contractual, licensing, or other arrangement with the opportunity to participate in or benefit from a good, service, facility, privilege, advantage, or accommodation that is not equal to that afforded to other individuals." 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(1)(A)(ii).
- 21. Discrimination under the ADA includes "a failure to take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that no individual with a disability is excluded, denied services, segregated or otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of the absence of auxiliary aids and services" 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(1)(A)(iii).
- 22. The ADA further prohibits "a failure to make reasonable modification in policies, practices, or procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to individuals with disabilities . . ." 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(1)(A)(ii).
- 23. By virtue of their acts and omissions herein alleged, Defendants have violated Title III of the ADA as to Plaintiff.
- 24. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12188(a), Plaintiff is entitled to declaratory and injunctive relief, and to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and litigation costs and expenses incurred in bringing this action.

V. SECOND CLAIM VIOLATION OF UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE § 51 et seq.

- 25. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 24, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 26. At all times herein mentioned, the Unruh Civil Rights Act, California Civil Code §51(b), provided that:

All persons within the jurisdiction of this state are free and equal, and no matter what their sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, or medical condition are entitled to the full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments of every kind whatsoever.

Pursuant to §51(f),

A violation of the right of any individual under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) shall also constitute a violation of this section.

- 27. Plaintiff is a person with a disability within the meaning of the Unruh Act.
- 28. Defendants' business location (*i.e.*, the Facility) is a business establishment within the meaning of the Unruh Act.
- 29. Plaintiff suffered damages as above described as a result of Defendants' violation of California Civil Code §§ 51(b) and 51(f) in multiple regards including, but not limited to, denying Plaintiff the opportunity for full and equal access and enjoyment to the Facility and the goods and services provided therein, in violation of both California law and the ADA, as described in the Summary of Facts, *supra*, the contents of which are incorporated herein.
- 30. California Civil Code §52(a) provides that each such violation entitles Plaintiff to "the actual damages, and any amount that may be determined by a jury, or a court sitting without a jury, up to a maximum of three times the amount of actual damage but in no case less than four thousand dollars (\$4,000.00), and any attorney's fees that may be determined by the court in addition thereto. . . ."
- 31. On the subject occasions (*i.e.*, on September 7, 2019, October 13, 2019, and November 8, 2019) when Plaintiff attempted to obtain the goods and services offered by Defendants, he was not allowed full and equal enjoyment and access due to the refusal by Defendants to provide accommodation to and around the Facility. As a

result, Plaintiff suffered unnecessary anxiety and panic, causing him to feel humiliated, embarrassed, frustrated, and angry that he could not obtain full and equal access to the services offered at the Facility simply because he was disabled.

32. Plaintiff was damaged by Defendants' wrongful conduct and seeks statutory minimum damages of four thousand dollars (\$4,000.00) for each event of discrimination and for each time Plaintiff has been deterred from returning to the business together with attorney's fees and litigation costs and expenses.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- 1. That the Court issue a preliminary and permanent injunction directing Defendants as the owners and/or operators of the Facility located at 1350 Grant Rd. (Ste.#6), Mountain View, California 94040 to remove the aforementioned barriers to Plaintiff's full and equal access and establish policies and procedures so that they provide full and equal access to all persons, including persons with physical disabilities as required by law.
- 2. That the Court retain jurisdiction over the Defendants until such time as the Court is satisfied that Defendants' unlawful policies, practices, acts and omissions complained of herein no longer occur, and cannot reoccur;
- 3. That Plaintiff be awarded all appropriate damages, including but not limited to statutory damages, general damages, special damages, punitive/exemplary damages and treble damages in an amount within the jurisdiction of the Court, all according to proof;
- 4. That Plaintiff be awarded all of his reasonable statutory attorney's fees, litigation expenses, and costs of this proceeding as provided by law;
- 5. That Plaintiff be awarded prejudgment interest pursuant to Civil Code §3291; and

1	6. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.	
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3	Dated: April 20, 2020	ACCESSIBLE CALIFORNIA, APC
4		By: <u>/s/ Khushpreet R. Mehton /</u> KHUSHPREET R. MEHTON, ESQ.
5		Attorney for Plaintiff Richard Johnson
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9		DEMAND FOR JURY
10	Plaintiff hereby demands a	jury for all claims for which a jury is permitted.
11	Dated: April 20, 2020	ACCESSIBLE CALIFORNIA, APC
12		By: /s/ Khushpreet R. Mehton /
13		KHUSHPREET R. MEHTON, ESQ. Attorney for Plaintiff Richard Johnson
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